

XL5A: 0H 2014 Schield Log-Normal-Income1 1

Lognormal Distribution of Subjects by Income

Milo Schield
Augsburg College
Editor: www.StatLit.org
US Rep: International Statistical Literacy Project

Output, slides and data at www.StatLit.org/pdf/Excel2013-Schild-LogNormal-Income1-Demo.pdf
[pdf/Excel2013-Schild-LogNormal-Income1-Slides.pdf](http://www.StatLit.org/pdf/Excel2013-Schild-LogNormal-Income1-Slides.pdf)
[Excel/Excel2013-Schild-LogNormal-Income1-Data.xlsx](http://www.StatLit.org/Excel/Excel2013-Schild-LogNormal-Income1-Data.xlsx)

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Log-Normal Distributions

The log of a Normal distribution is not symmetric. It is never negative and it typically has a long right tail.

Some things are distributed log-normally:

- People by income, assets, weight and blood pressure
- Cities by population; insurance claims by amount

ASSIGNMENT:

- 1) Create the table shown on slide 4 (See demo output)
- 2) Create the graph shown on slide 5. Upload results.
- 3) Review the questions shown on slide 6.

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Enter data and formulas for top section

Enter 50 (median income) and 80 (average income) in B4 and B5.
 Enter formulas in G2:G5. Enter formulas in B9 & C9. Verify values for all formula.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
	Real-world statistics				μ	3.912	=LN(B4)
	Manual Entry				$\mu+S^2/2$	4.382	=LN(B5)
median	50				σ^2	0.940	=2*(G3-G2)
mean	80				σ	0.970	=SQRT(G4)
					Underlying math statistics		
	B9 =Exp(G2-G4)						
	Mode	PDF	C9				
	19.531	1.32E-02	=LOGNORM.DIST(B9,G2,G5,0)				

Sometimes ##### appears in a cell. Either the font is too large, or Excel is trying to show the number with at least 10 digits after decimal. Either way, select the cell. Right-mouse and select Format Cells. Change font size or digits after decimal as needed.

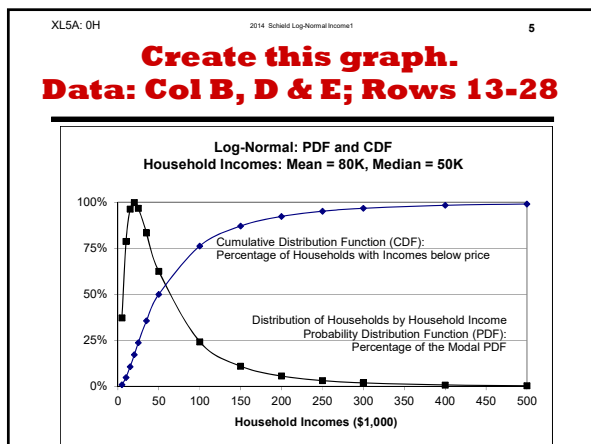
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Enter formula in B14:E14 Pull B14:E14 down to Row 28

B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
B14	C14	D14	E14	C14			
=A14*BS4	Copy F12	=C14/C9	Copy F14	=LOGNORM.DIST(B14,\$G\$2,\$G\$5,0)			
Income	PDF	% of mode	CDF	E14			
5	4.90E-03	37.2%	0.9%	=LOGNORM.DIST(B14,G\$2,G\$5,1)			

Table: Distribution of subjects by income (\$1,000)

PDF: Probability Density Function
 CDF: Cumulative Distribution Function
 CDF: Percentage of subjects who have income below Col B.



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CDF Percentages; Practice Problems a and b

If X is income, then CDF(X) is the percentage of subjects who have LESS than X thousand dollars in income [Cumulative Distribution Function]

If median = \$50K and mean = \$80K, what percentage of subjects have incomes ...

- a. below 10K? 4.8%.
 Solution: Find 10K in column B in row 15. Find matching CDF in same row, column E.
- b. ABOVE 10K? 100% - 4.8% = 95.2%

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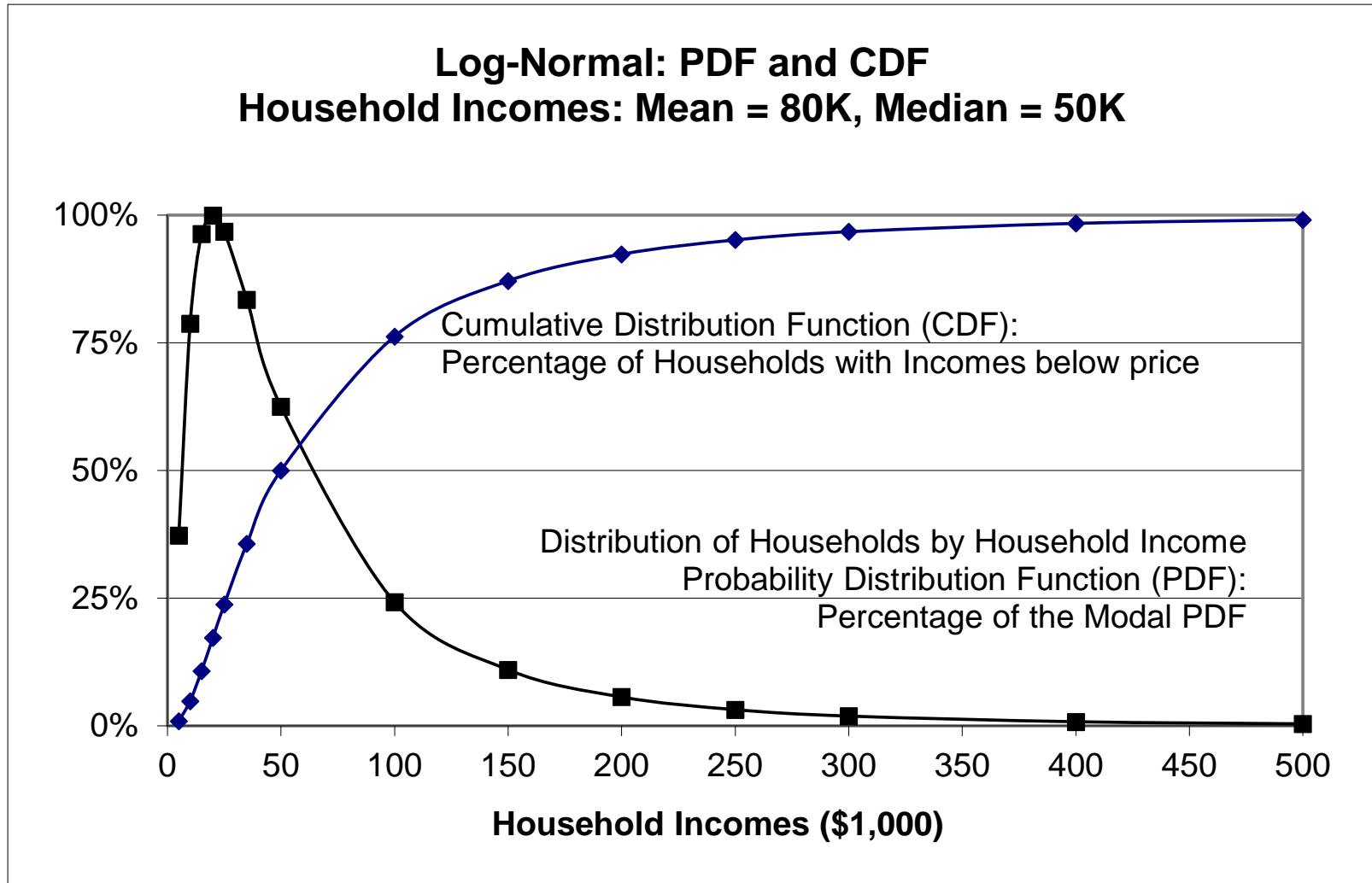
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Create this graph.

Data: Col B, D & E; Rows 13-28



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